



# SAFETY DATA SHEET



**Responsible Care®**  
Our commitment to sustainability.

## Chlorine

### Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : Chlorine  
**Chemical name** : Chlorine  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.  
**Product type** : Liquid.  
**SDS Number** : 0007

#### Identified uses

Pulp bleaching, water treatment, manufacture of plastics, organic and inorganic chlorides, refrigerants and pharmaceuticals.

**Supplier's details** : Canexus Corporation  
 100 Amherst Ave  
 North Vancouver, British Columbia V7H 1S4  
 CA  
 Phone: 1-(604) 929-3441  
 Toll Free: 1-800-699-6924  
 Web Site: www.canexus.ca

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CANUTEC: +1-613-996-6666 or \*666 (cellular)  
 2-C-0808  
 CHEMTREC, U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887  
 CCN 15610

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : OXIDIZING GASES - Category 1  
 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas  
 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2  
 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1  
 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

#### GHS label elements

##### Hazard pictograms



**Signal word** : Danger



## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** : H270 - May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer.  
 H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
 H330 - Fatal if inhaled.  
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
 H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
 H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.  
 H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.  
 P284 - Wear respiratory protection.  
 P220 - Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials.  
 P244 - Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil.  
 P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
 P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
 P260 - Do not breathe vapor.  
 P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Response** : P391 - Collect spillage.  
 P370 + P376 - In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.  
 P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.  
 P302 + P352 + P362-2 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.  
 P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.  
 P301 + P330 - if swallowed rinse mouth  
 P331 - Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice.
- Storage** : P405 - Store locked up.  
 P410 - Protect from sunlight.  
 P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

**Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC)** : None known.

**Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC)** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Substance  
**Chemical name** : Chlorine  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

- CAS number** : 7782-50-5  
**Product code** : 0007



## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Chlorine	>99	7782-50-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 30 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of lukewarm water. Continue to rinse for at least 30 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause lung edema. Symptoms can be delayed.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
unconsciousness  
shortness of breath  
headache  
nausea or vomiting  
may cause lung damage  
Fatal if inhaled.  
Irritation threshold: approximately 0.5 ppm  
Immediately dangerous to life or health: 10 ppm
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : Not the normal route of exposure, causes digestive tract burns.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Direct water spray. Reacts with water. No water should be sprayed onto a leaking cylinder as spraying of water onto it promotes corrosion at the point of leakage as well as increasing the evaporation rate of chlorine.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Oxidizing material. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Contact with reactive metals e.g. aluminum, zinc and tin may result in the generation of flammable hydrogen. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the product, maybe corrosive. Water spray on active leak may promote accelerated corrosion of container and accelerate leakage. Risk of fire and explosion when in contact with combustible substances, ammonia and finely divided metals.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
halogenated compounds

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Evacuate area, In case of fire or explosion do not breathe fumes. Cylinders can burst violently when heated, due to excess pressure build up.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Additional protective clothing must be worn to prevent personal contact with this material. Those items include but are not limited to: boots, gloves, hard hat, splash-proof goggles, full face shield and impervious clothing (i.e. chemically impermeable suit).

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Ventilate enclosed areas to prevent formation of toxic, flammable or oxygen deficient atmospheres. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (basements, sewers, tanks).

- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". For response to chlorine gas it is recommended to use as a minimum level "B" protection that is compatible to chlorine. For liquid spills it is recommended to utilize as a minimum enhanced level "B" (Enhanced Level "B" is the addition of a splash hood)/ Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Responders can reference Chlorine Institute pamphlet #65 on PPE.

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. Neutralize spilled material and collect spillage.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Use only chlorine-compatible lubricants. Use in a sealed system and/or a well-ventilated area. Observe good hygiene practices.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Contents under pressure. Store at temperatures not exceeding 51°C/123.8°F

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### United States

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Chlorine	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 2.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). CEIL: 1.45 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CEIL: 0.5 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). CEIL: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> CEIL: 1 ppm

#### Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling			Notations
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	
Chlorine	US ACGIH 6/2013	0.5	1.5	-	1	2.9	-	-	-	-	[3]
	AB 4/2009	0.5	1.5	-	1	2.9	-	-	-	-	
	BC 7/2013	0.5	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	0.5	1.5	-	1	2.9	-	-	-	-	
	QC 12/2012	0.5	1.5	-	1	2.9	-	-	-	-	

[3]Skin sensitization



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Eyewash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemical goggles/face shield are recommended.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing when necessary.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Compressed gas.]
- Color** : Amber liquid or greenish-yellow gas.
- Odor** : Pungent.
- Odor threshold** : <1 ppm
- pH** : Reacts with water to product acidic solutions.
- Melting point** : -101°C (-149.8°F)
- Boiling point** : -34°C(-29.2°F)
- Flash point** : Not applicable.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not applicable.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: 638.4 kPa (4788.4 mm Hg) [room temperature]
<b>Vapor density</b>	: 2.5 [Air = 1]
<b>Relative density</b>	: 2.5
<b>Solubility</b>	: Not available.
<b>Solubility in water</b>	: 7.41 g/l
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Dynamic (room temperature): 0.0134 mPa·s (0.0134 cP)
<b>Volatility</b>	: Not available.
<b>VOC (w/w)</b>	: 0 % (w/w)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	: This product is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Heat may cause the cylinders to explode.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: Reacts violently with many organic compounds, ammonia, hydrogen and finely divided metals causing fire and explosion hazard. Attacks many metals in presence of water. Attacks plastic, rubber and coatings. Chlorine is corrosive to most metals in the presence of moisture (>150 ppm water) or at high temperature. Combines with water to produce hydrochloric and hypochlorous acid. Chlorine reacts with carbon monoxide to produce toxic phosgene, and sulphur dioxide to produce sulfuryl chloride.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Hydrogen Chloride, Hydrochloric Acids, Hypochlorous Acid.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Chlorine	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	293 ppm	1 hours

#### Irritation/Corrosion

There is no data available.

#### Sensitization

There is no data available.

#### Carcinogenicity



## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Chlorine	-	-	-	A4	-	None.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Chlorine	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

### Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause lung edema. Symptoms can be delayed.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
unconsciousness  
shortness of breath  
headache  
nausea or vomiting  
may cause lung damage  
Fatal if inhaled.  
Irritation threshold: approximately 0.5 ppm  
Immediately dangerous to life or health: 10 ppm
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : Not the normal route of exposure, causes digestive tract burns.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Coughing, shortness of breath, headache, nausea or vomiting.
- Potential delayed effects** : Symptoms of Pulmonary edema may be delayed.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Shortness of breath, coughing
- Potential delayed effects** : May cause damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated exposures at low levels may cause pulmonary impairment. May also increase the likelihood of respiratory disorders.

### Potential chronic health effects

- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Chlorine	Acute EC50 5.1 ppm Marine water	Algae - <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> - Young	4 days
	Acute EC50 930000 µg/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Lemna minor</i>	4 days
	Acute LC50 2.03 µg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Asellus racovitzai</i>	2 days
	Acute LC50 30 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

There is no data available.

### Mobility in soil

- Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not applicable.

- Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations





- Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed



## Section 13. Disposal considerations

out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Follow label warnings even after cylinder is emptied.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	UN1017	UN1017	UN1017	UN1017
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	CHLORINE, Marine pollutant (Chlorine) RQ	CHLORINE, Marine pollutant (Chlorine)	CHLORINE, Marine pollutant (Chlorine)	CHLORINE
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	2.3 (5.1, 8) 	2.3 (5.1, 8) 	2.3 (5.1, 8) 	2.3 (5.1, 8) 
<b>Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	<p>Inhalation hazard zone B</p> <p>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes.</p> <p><b>Reportable quantity</b> 10 lbs / 4.54 kg [0.47974 gal / 1.816 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.</p> <p><b>Limited quantity</b> Yes.</p> <p><b>Packaging instruction</b> <b>Passenger aircraft</b> Quantity limitation: Forbidden.</p> <p><b>Cargo aircraft</b> Quantity limitation: Forbidden.</p> <p><b>Special provisions</b> 2, B9, B14, T50, TP19</p>	<p>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.</p> <p><b>Special provisions</b> 102</p>	<p>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</p>	<p>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</p> <p><b>Passenger and Cargo Aircraft</b> Quantity limitation: Forbidden</p> <p><b>Cargo Aircraft Only</b> Quantity limitation: Forbidden</p>

AERG : 124

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 14. Transport information

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 8(a) CAIR: Chlorine  
 United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.  
 Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Chlorine  
 Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: Chlorine

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Chlorine	>99	Yes.	100	-	10	-

**SARA 304 RQ** : 10 lbs / 4.5 kg [0.48 gal / 1.8 L]

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : Sudden release of pressure  
 Immediate (acute) health hazard

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Chlorine	>99	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
<b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b>	Chlorine	7782-50-5	>99
<b>Supplier notification</b>	Chlorine	7782-50-5	>99

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations



## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Massachusetts** : This material is listed.

**New York** : This material is listed.

**New Jersey** : This material is listed.

**Pennsylvania** : This material is listed.

### California Prop. 65

No products were found.



This product has been certified to NSF/ANSI 60 (certificate number 07871 ) for a Maximum Use Level (MUL) of 30 mg/L.

## Canada

### Canadian lists

**Canadian NPRI** : This material is listed.

**CEPA Toxic substances** : This material is not listed.

**Canada inventory** : This material is listed or exempted.

### International lists

#### National inventory

**Australia** : This material is listed or exempted.

**China** : This material is listed or exempted.

**Europe** : This material is listed or exempted.

**Japan** : Not determined.

**Malaysia** : This material is listed or exempted.

**New Zealand** : This material is listed or exempted.

**Philippines** : This material is listed or exempted.

**Republic of Korea** : This material is listed or exempted.

**Taiwan** : Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

**Health :** 4 \* **Flammability :** 0 **Physical hazards :** 1

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

**Health :** 4 **Flammability :** 0 **Instability :** 1 **Special :** OX

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## Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### History

**Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy** : 05/01/2015  
**Version** : 1  
**Prepared by** : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

